# Adelaide Beach Management Friday, 8 November 2024 David Osborn, Manager, Coast



### **Coast Protection Board**

(1)The functions of the Board are as follows:

(a) to protect the coast from erosion, damage, deterioration, pollution and misuse; and

(b) to **restore any part of the coast** that has been subjected to erosion, damage, deterioration, pollution or misuse; and

(c) to **develop any part of the coast** for the purpose of aesthetic improvement, or for the purpose of rendering that part of the coast more appropriate for the use or enjoyment of those who may resort thereto; and

(ca) to **manage, maintain and, where appropriate, develop and improve coast facilities** that are vested in, or are under the care, control and management of, the Board; and

(d) to **report to the Minister** upon any matters that the Minister may refer to the Board for advice; and

(e) to **carry out research, to cause research to be carried out**, or to contribute towards research, into matters relating to the protection, restoration or development of the coast; and

(f) to perform such other functions assigned to the Board by or under this or any other Act.





### **Coastal Protection and Sea Level Rise**

- SLR increasing (average 3-5 mm/yr), 7.5 mm/year in 2022/23
- Likely SLR up to ~ 1m (2100), 2m (2150), 3m (2200),5+m (2300)
- SLR approaching 2m by 2100 and 5m by 2150 cannot be ruled out
- Long term SLR for 1.5°C (2 to 3m), 2°C (2 to 6m), 5°C (19 to 22m)





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### **Shifting baselines**

Largs Bay beach – 2020 – High tide





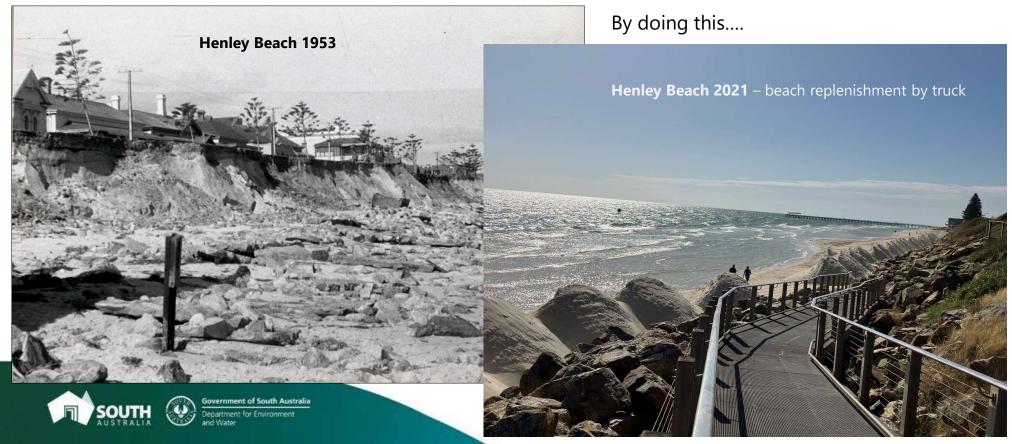
Semaphore Beach – 2024 – Lower tide



Largs Bay beach - 1936

### **Adelaide Beach Management**

We aim to avoid this....



## Adelaide Beach Management

- Sand naturally moves north (littoral drift)
- Coastal structures impede this natural sand movement
- Cell 1 back-passing by pipeline
- Cell 2 back-passing by truck
- Cell 3+ challenges



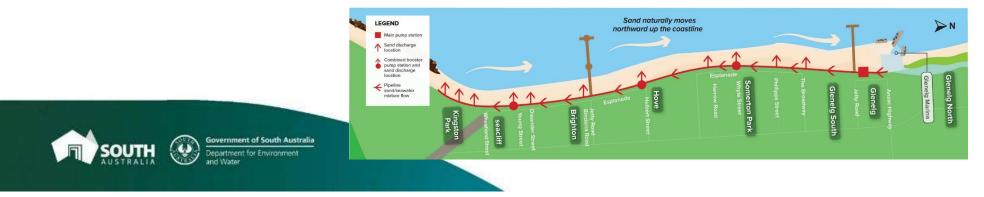


### **Adelaide Beach Management**

Glenelg to Kingston Park - sand pumping system



By actively managing the metropolitan coastline we provide foreshore/property protection and sandy beaches for the community to enjoy.



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## Adelaide Beach Management Review

- Sand naturally moves north (littoral drift)
- Coastal structures impede this natural sand movement
- ~90,000m<sup>3</sup> sand drifts northward out of West Beach per annum (on average)
- Sand accumulates at the northern end of the management area (Semaphore, Largs Bay, Taperoo and North Haven)





## Beach replenishment

- Aiming to deliver ~200,000 cubic metres (m<sup>3</sup>) of quarry sand in 2024/25
- About 60,000 m<sup>3</sup> delivered since 29 July.
- Operations were paused temporarily during September to protect hooded plovers.







Government of South Australia Department for Environment and Water

# Dredge Management Plan

- Dredging is regulated by the Environment Protection Authority (EPA) through a licence and an approved Dredge Management Plan (DMP).
- The DMP covers the methods for dredging, sand placement, and how potential impacts on the environment, public health, and local areas will be managed.
- The EPA approved the Dredge Management Plan on September 25, 2024.





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# Dredging trial operational phase

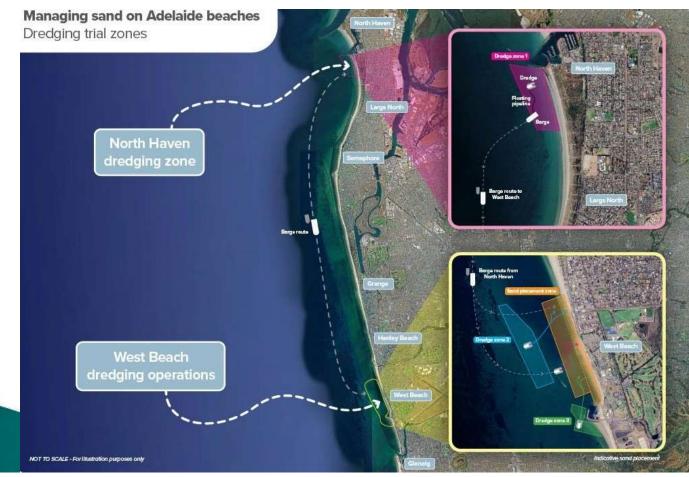
### AIM:-

To test the feasibility of dredging as an approach to sand management in the 'Northern Management Area'.

### DREDGING ZONE IDENTIFICATION:-

- Investigations: sediment characteristics and contamination,
- benthic habitat, -
- Bathymetry, sand volumes.

SOUTH



# Sand placement areas and methods

The trial is considering different methods of sand delivery at West Beach:

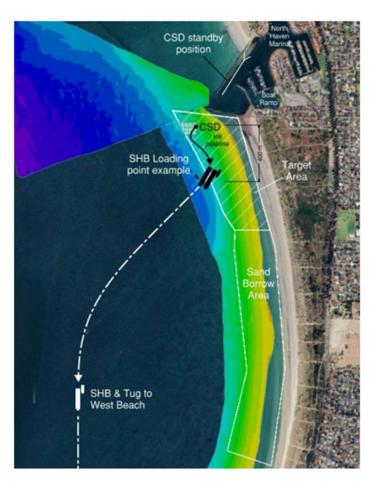
- Nearshore via split hopper barge or pipeline
- Onshore via pipeline





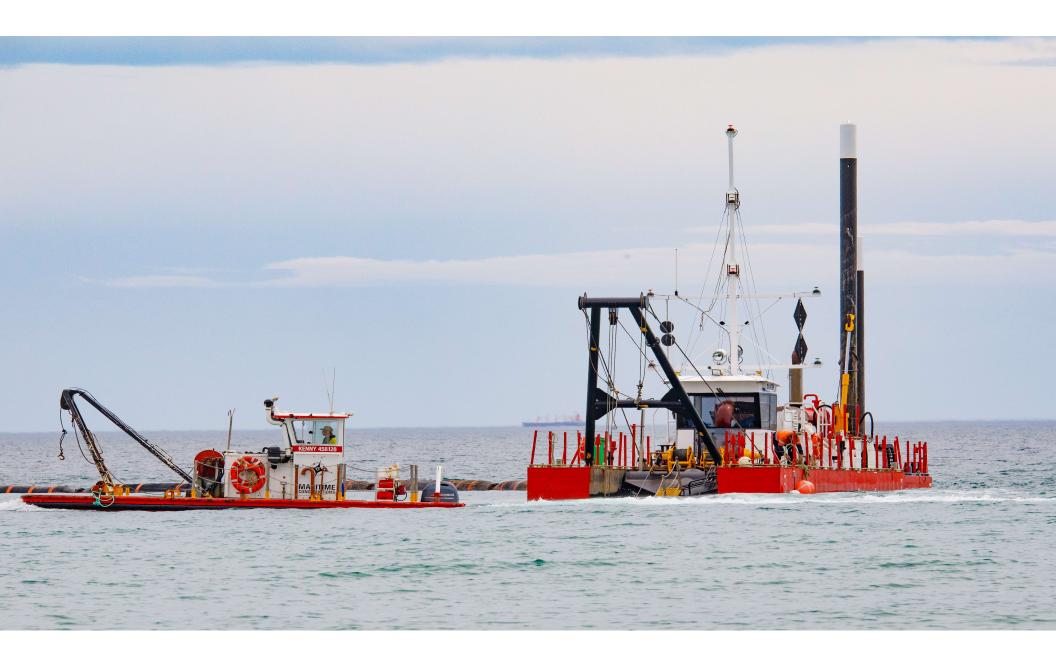
### **North Haven Marina Sand Trap**

- an accreting body of sand located south of the North Haven Marina breakwater.
- sand accretes at this location, eventually drifting into the marina channel and protected waters which requires annual maintenance dredging to maintain navigability.
- dredging will create a sand trap to buffer sand ingress into the marina channel for maintenance benefit, as well as test the feasibility of dredging sand from this location.

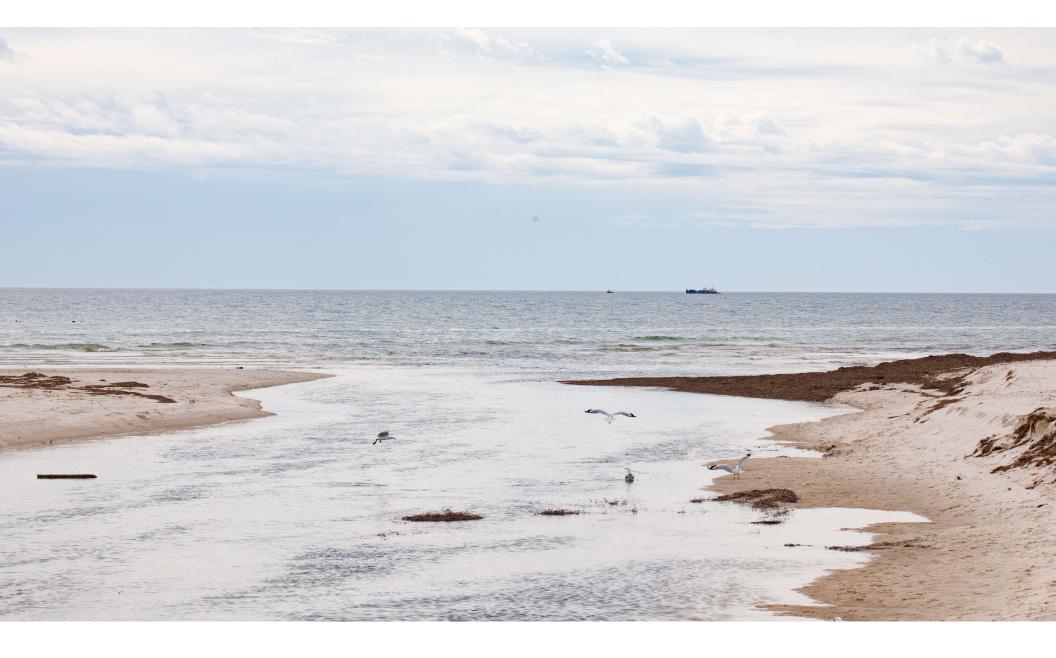




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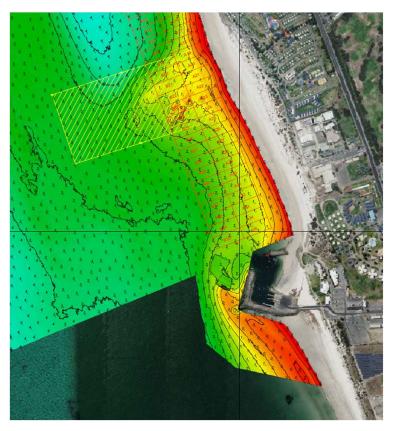




### West Beach Harbour Sand Trap

- an accreting body of sand located to the west and south of the West Beach Harbour breakwater.
- a source of sand for nourishment via CSD and direct pipeline either to the nearshore or onshore placement areas.



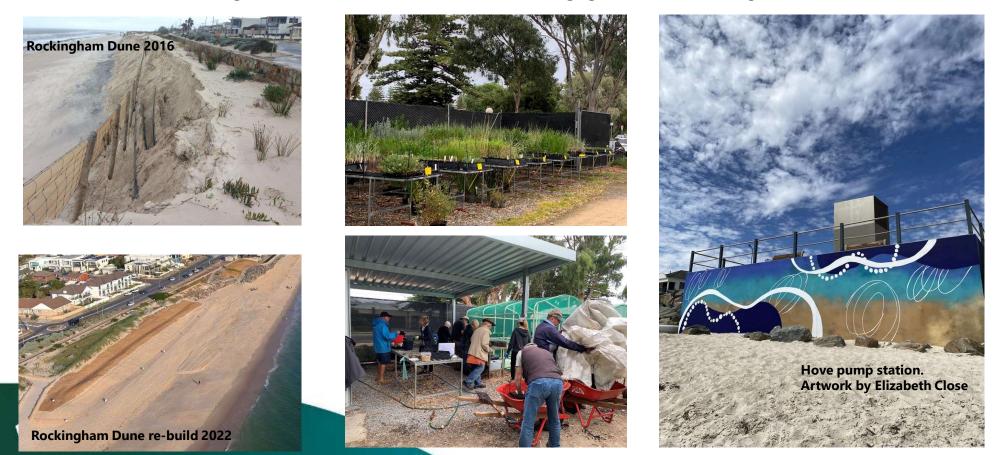


\*DEW dredges West Beach Harbour and channel on an as-needed basis when wrack and sediment impede navigation. No dredging of channel materials is proposed for nourishment of West Beach



### **Adelaide Beach Management**

We re-build , stabilise and vegetate dunes & we collaborate and engage with a wide range of coastal stakeholders



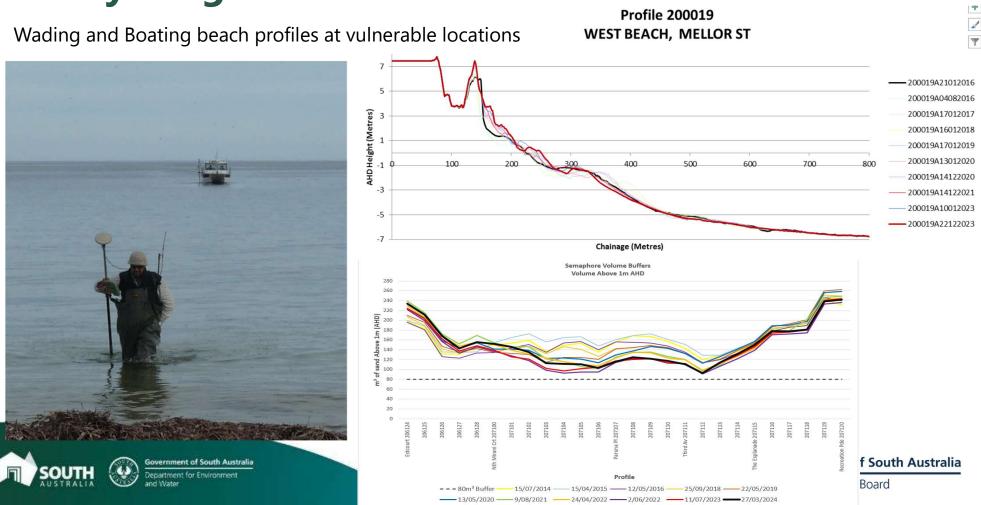
### **Adelaide Beach Management**

We keep Glenelg and West Beach harbours clear of sand and seagrass all year round for boaties





### **Survey Program**





Seabed sediment elevation and seagrass condition monitoring

**Collaborative blue carbon science** 



# Keep updated with the latest

- DEW website: <u>https://www.environment.sa.gov.au/topics/coasts</u>
- Our Coast electronic newsletter
- Text message notifications
- Subscribe to our newsletter and notifications:





# Questions





